

## **ADVANCE CARE PLANNING KIT**

#### TALK EARLY. TALK OFTEN.

There is no time like the present to begin to think about, talk about and reflect upon your personal values and preferences for future medical care.

You have rights regarding your health care:

- · The right to be informed about medical options
- The right to accept or refuse those options

Whatever your decision, it is important to talk to those closest to you, your doctor and other health care providers about those choices in case you are not able to speak for yourself. It is especially important to put your plans for future care in writing so your loved ones and medical provider can honor your wishes.

# Aspirus offers FREE Advance Care Planning assistance by telephone or in person with completion of your Honoring Choices Power of Attorney for Health Care document.

**FREE Telephone Assistance** is available by calling the Advance Care Planning WARM LINE at **715.843.1340** or toll-free **844.624.4793** during normal business hours.

**FREE**, **In-Person appointments** are available at times and various locations to help you consider and discuss your options. If you wish, we can help you complete your Health Care Power of Attorney document. Please call the Aspirus Customer Contact Center at 715.847.2380 or **1.800.847.4707** to make your Honoring Choices appointment. Advance appointments are required.

Please plan to arrive a few minutes before your scheduled appointment. If you cannot make your appointment, please call to let us know in advance.

## PREPARING FOR YOUR ADVANCE CARE PLANNING APPOINTMENT





Advance care planning is an ongoing process of talking about your goals, values and wishes in terms of your health care. Your trained **Advance Care Planning Facilitator at Aspirus** is ready to guide you through this process. In preparation:

#### Review Materials

Review the educational materials provided and reflect on the questions in the Advance Care Planning Guide.

#### > Invite your Decision-Maker

If possible, bring the person(s) that you are considering or have chosen to be your health care agent(s), or any other loved ones, to your appointment. If you let us know in advance, we may be able to set up a conference call with your agent(s) so they may participate by phone.

#### Gather Contact Information

Bring the names, addresses and phone numbers of those individuals who may be serving as your health care agents. Refer to the Advance Care Planning Guide "Who Should Make Decisions" section.

#### View this Video

It's About the Conversation is a 10-minute introduction to the topic of advance care planning through the stories and insights of Wisconsin residents. To view the video go to: https://vimeo.com/109633109

#### Thank you!

Making your health care wishes known is one of the greatest gifts you can give to yourself and your loved ones. Thank you for scheduling the following advance care planning appointment:

When:	
Where:	
With:	

# **HEALTH CARE AGENT**





This guide will help you learn about the role of the health care agent.

#### What is a health care agent?

A health care agent is a person who makes health care decisions for someone who can't make their own choices. An agent may be needed if the person is very sick, injured or is nearing the end of their life. Choose a health care agent *before* a crisis.

#### When does a health care agent start to make choices?

An agent makes choices *only* if the person is not able to. Two doctors (or a doctor and a psychologist) have to agree that the person is not able to make his or her own choices.

#### What are some of the decisions that a health care agent may need to make?

A health care agent makes decisions *based upon the person's wishes and values*. An agent may make the following choices for the person:

- Decide on tests, surgery and medicine
- Choose the patient's doctor(s)
- Choose the location(s) where the person may receive care
- Decide to stop treatment
- Decide whether to share the patient's medical records

#### How do I know if I am ready to be a health care agent?

You should be able to answer "yes" to all of these questions:

- Am I willing?
- Have I spoken with the person about what he or she values?
- Can I follow the person's wishes even if I do not agree with them?
- Am I able to make choices in difficult moments?

#### Want help?

Request a free appointment to discuss your questions or concerns: **Central Wisconsin**, call Aspirus Customer Contact Center **715.847.2380 or 1.800.847.4707**.

Ironwood area, call Aspirus Ironwood Hospital 906.932.7627 or 906.932.6204.

Antigo area, call Aspirus Langlade Hospital 715.623.9790.

Medford area, call Aspirus Medford Hospital 715.748.8100 ext. 8875.

#### Honoring Choices Wisconsin www.honoringchoiceswi.org

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#### HOW CAN I PREPARE TO BE A HEALTH CARE AGENT?

Take time to talk with the person who chose you. These are some questions you need answers to before you can accept this role:

- What is important to you to live well?
- When would life not be worth living?
- When would you want physicians to stop treatments that keep you alive? How sick would that be?
- What does quality of life mean to you?
- How would you describe a peaceful death?

These phrases mean different things to different people. Ask your friend or loved one to explain what each one means to him or her. This is very important. Write down what your friend or loved one says. Read it back to make sure you both understand.

- I want to die with dignity.
- I want to die a peaceful death.
- Please do not let the physician keep me alive on a machine.
- Just let me pass.

Some people want their health care agent to do exactly what they have said or written. Others want their health care agent to be free to decide based on how things are going. Find out what your loved one or friend wants. Ask this question:

"Should I follow what you said you want, no matter what? Or should I do what seems best at the time?"

Try to go with your loved one to a physician's appointment. You and the physician can get to know each other. Some physicians, nurses, social workers, chaplains and others are trained to help people plan for future health care. They also can help you learn more about being a health care agent.

It is not easy to talk about making health care choices for your loved one or friend. You may agree to become a health care agent and yet hope you are never called on to fulfill your duties.

Many people just like you have told us that being prepared is the best way. Think about being prepared as an act of love. If you accept this role, commit to it. Trust yourself to do what is right. The person who chose you trusts that you can – and will.

Want help? Request a free appointment to discuss your questions or concerns: In central Wisconsin, please call the Aspirus Customer Contact Center at 715.847.2380 or 1.800.847.4707. In the Aspirus Ironwood Hospital area, please call 906.932.2525, Ext. 27226. In the Aspirus Langlade Hospital area, please call 715.623.9790.

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### Advance Directive including Power of Attorney for Health Care

## Overview

This legal document meets the requirements for Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa.\* It lets you

- Name another person to make your health care decisions if you cannot make them for yourself.
- Write down your goals and preferences for future medical care in specific situations.

The person you name is called your health care agent. You can also name alternate health care agents who can make decisions if the person you named first or second cannot or is not willing to make those decisions. This document gives your agent authority to make health care decisions on your behalf only after doctors have determined you are incapable of making health care decisions for yourself.

This document **does not** give your agent authority to:

- Make financial or other business decisions.
- Make certain decisions about your mental health treatment.

Read this advance directive carefully before you complete and sign it. You should discuss your goals, values, and this advance directive with your health care agent(s). Unless you talk with your health care agent(s), they may not know your goals and be able to follow your instructions.

**Recommendation**: make an appointment with an advance care planning facilitator for help. If this advance directive does not meet your needs, ask your health organization or attorney about other options.

## To complete this advance directive

This advance directive is divided into four parts:

Part 1 – My health care agent

Part 2 – General authority of the health care agent

Part 3 - Statement of desires, care instructions or limits

Part 4 – Making the document legal

Follow the instructions in each of the four parts.

## After you complete your advance directive

#### Take these steps:

- Talk to the person(s) you named as your agent(s) about your goals and preferences for future medical care, if you have not already. Make sure they feel able to do this important job for you in the future.
- Give your agent(s) a copy of this advance directive.
- Talk to the rest of your family and close friends who might be involved if you have a serious illness or injury. Make sure they know who your agent(s) is, and what your preferences are.
- Give a copy to your doctor and/or your health care facility. Make sure your preferences are understood.





- Keep a copy of this advance directive where it can be easily found.
- If you go to a hospital or nursing home, take a copy of this advance directive and ask that it be placed in your medical record.
- Review and update this advance directive whenever any of the "Five D's" occur:

Decade - when you start each new decade of your life.

*Death (or Dispute)*– when a loved one or a health care agent dies (or disagrees with your preferences).

*Divorce* – when divorce (or annulment) happens. If your spouse or domestic partner is your agent, your advance directive is no longer valid. You must complete a new advance directive, even if you want your ex-spouse or ex-partner to remain your agent.

Diagnosis – when you are diagnosed with a serious illness.

Decline - when your health gets worse, especially when you are unable to live on your own.

- If your goals and preferences change:
  - Talk to your agent(s), your family, your doctor, and everyone who has copies of this advance directive.
  - Then, complete a new advance directive.
- Cut out the card below, fill it in, fold it and put it in your wallet.

I HAVE AN ADVANCE DIRECTIVE	My advance directive is filed at this health care facility
Name Date of birth	City/State Phone
Honoring Choices WISCONSIN AN INITIATIVE OF THE WISCONSIN MEDICAL SOCIETY	My health care agent is
The name "Honoring Choices Wisconsin" is used under license from the Twin Cities Medical Society Foundation.	Phone





## Advance Directive including Power of Attorney for Health Care

For:	
Name	Date of Birth
Telephone (Cell)	(Work)
(Home)	
Address	
	State/ZIP
Copies of this document have been	given to:
Name	
Health care professional/health car	re facility:
Name	
Name	
Name	

The name Honoring Choices Wisconsin is used under license from the Twin Cities Medical Foundation. June 2017





## Notice to Person Making this Document

You have the right to make decisions about your health care. No health care may be given to you over your objection, and necessary health care may not be stopped or withheld if you object.

Because your health care providers in some cases may not have had the opportunity to establish a long-term relationship with you, they are often unfamiliar with your beliefs and values and the details of your family relationships. This poses a problem if you become physically or mentally unable to make decisions about your health care.

In order to avoid this problem, you may sign this legal document to specify the person whom you want to make health care decisions for you if you are unable to make those decisions personally. That person is known as your health care agent. You should take some time to discuss your thoughts and beliefs about medical treatment with the person or persons whom you have specified. You may state in this document any types of health care that you do or do not desire, and you may limit the authority of your health care agent. If your health care agent is unaware of your desires with respect to a particular health care decision, he or she is required to determine what would be in your best interests in making the decision.

This is an important legal document. It gives your agent broad powers to make health care decisions for you. It revokes any prior power of attorney for health care that you may have made. If you wish to change your power of attorney for health care, you may revoke this document at any time by destroying it, by directing another person to destroy it in your presence, by signing a written and dated statement or by stating that it is revoked in the presence of two witnesses. If you revoke, you should notify your agent, your health care providers, and any other person to whom you have given a copy. If your agent is your spouse or domestic partner and your marriage is annulled or you are divorced or the domestic partnership is terminated after signing this document, the document is invalid.

You may also use this document to make or refuse to make an anatomical gift upon your death. If you use this document to make or refuse to make an anatomical gift, this document revokes any prior record of gift that you may have made. You may revoke or change any anatomical gift that you make by this document by crossing out the anatomical gifts provision in this document.

Do not sign this document unless you clearly understand it. It is suggested that you keep the original of this document on file with your doctor.





## Part 1: My health care agent

If you can no longer make your own health care decisions, this advance directive names the person you authorize to make these choices for you. This person will be your health care agent. State law says he or she will make your health care choices for you only after doctors have determined you are incapable of making health care decisions. Your agent will make decisions about your medical care as you would if you were able. You and your health care agent(s) should have ongoing talks about your health and health care choices.

Choose someone who knows you well. It should be someone you trust and who respects your goals and values. This person should be able to make difficult decisions under stress. Often family members are good choices, but not always. Choose someone who will closely follow what you want and will be a good advocate for you. Discuss this document and your views with the person(s) you choose to be your health care agent(s).

A health care agent must be at least 18 years old. Your health care agent may not be one of your health care providers or an employee of your health care provider, unless he or she is a relative.

#### The person I choose as my health care agent is:

Name	Relationship		
Telephone (Cell)	(Work)	(Home)	
Address			
	State/ZIP		
If that person is unable or unv <b>Second choice:</b>	villing to make decisions for me, t	then my next choice is:	
Name	Relationship		
Telephone (Cell)	(Work)	(Home)	
Address			
	State/ZIP		
If that person is unable or unv <b>Third choice:</b>	rilling to make decisions for me, t	then my next choice is:	
ame Relationship			
Telephone (Cell)	(Work)	(Home)	
Address			
City State/ZIP			
I do not have a heal guide my health car	th care agent. Instead, I wan e.	-	





## Part 2: General authority of the health care agent

#### To complete this part:

Draw a line through anything in the box below you do **not** want your health care agent to do. For example, it should look like this: <del>Decide on</del>

I want my health care agent to be able to:

- Decide on tests, medicine, surgery and other medical care. If treatment has started, my agent can keep it going or stop it, based on my instructions or my best interests.
- Interpret my instructions based on what he or she knows of my preferences and values.
- Review and release my medical records and personal files as needed for my medical care.
- Arrange for my medical care and treatment in Wisconsin or any other state.
- Decide whether organs or tissues (anatomical gifts) can be donated after my death according to my preferences and values.

#### Limits on mental health treatment in Wisconsin

Wisconsin law says my health care agent may not admit or commit me to an inpatient facility for mental health treatment. This means that in Wisconsin, my agent cannot admit me to:

- an institution for mental diseases
- an intermediate care facility for people with an intellectual disability, or
- a state treatment facility for mental health.

My health care agent may not agree to any drastic mental health treatments for me. These treatments include experimental mental health research, brain surgery, or electroshock therapy.





#### To complete the next three questions:

Initial or check the box beside the one statement in each section you agree with. In Wisconsin, if you do not mark any box in a section, or you choose "no," only a court can make the decision and not your health care agent.

1. Agent authority to make the decision to admit me to a nursing home or community-based residential facility for long-term care.

Note: Your health care agent has the authority to admit you to a nursing home or care facility (communitybased residential facility) for a **short-term** stay. For example, you might need care to recover after surgery and you expect to go home.

If I need **long-term** care for any reason, then:

**Yes, my agent can make the decision** to admit me to a nursing home or community-based residential facility for a long-term stay.

**No, my agent cannot make the decision** to admit me to a nursing home or community-based residential facility for a long-term stay.

In Wisconsin, choosing "no" or leaving this section blank means I cannot be admitted to a Wisconsin long-term care facility without a court order.

# 2. Agent authority to make the decision to refuse or have removed a feeding tube and/or IV fluids.

Yes, my agent can make the decision to refuse or stop tube feedings and/or IV fluids.

No, my agent cannot make the decision to refuse or stop tube feedings and/or IV fluids.

In Wisconsin, *c*hoosing "no" or leaving this section blank means feeding tubes and IV fluids cannot be refused or stopped without a court order.

#### 3. Agent authority to make health care decisions during pregnancy.

Yes, my agent can make health care decisions for me if I am pregnant.

**No, my agent cannot** make health care decisions if I am pregnant.

#### This does not apply to me.

In Wisconsin, choosing "no" or leaving this section blank means health care decisions cannot be made for me while I am pregnant without a court order.





## Part 3: Statement of desires, care instructions or limits

Part 3 allows you to make your preferences clear. Your health care agent and your doctors will refer to this section as they care for you. If you did not name a health care agent or if your health care agent cannot be reached, you can direct your care with the choices you make below. You should talk with your health care agent about the kind of care you want, even if you don't make choices in this section.

You are not required to complete this part of the document.

#### To complete this part:

Initial or check the box beside the one statement you agree with. You may add **other specific care instructions** on page 7.

#### 1. Treatments that may prolong life if I am in this situation.

If I am sick or injured and my doctors believe there is little chance I will recover the ability to know who I am, who my family and friends are, or where I am, this is my choice:

**I want to refuse or stop all treatments**. Some examples are a machine that breathes for me (respirator/ventilator), feeding tubes, blood products, antibiotics, or fluids given to me through an IV, treatments for chronic medical conditions, or other medications.

**I want to receive all treatments to keep me alive,** unless my doctor determines the treatments would harm me more than help me.

With either choice, I understand I will be kept clean and comfortable. I will continue to receive pain and comfort medicines, and food and fluids by mouth if I can swallow safely.

#### 2. Cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).

Based on my current health, this is my choice about CPR if my heart or breathing stops.

I want CPR attempted *unless* my doctor determines:

- I have a medical condition and no reasonable chance of survival with CPR, OR
- CPR would harm me more than help me.

I do not want CPR. Let me die a natural death.

If you do not want emergency personnel to give you CPR, you will need to talk to your doctor about other documents you need.





Specific care instructions to meet my goals and preferences in certain situations:		
<b>Comfort preferences:</b> These things are important to me for comfort (for example, favorite music, warm		
blankets, best positioning in bed).		
Including others when making decisions about my care: (If there is time, try to include these		
people in my care decisions.)		
If I am near death and cannot communicate, I want to give my friends and family these		
personal messages:		





**If I am near death, things I would want:** (For example, favorite music, rituals, dim lighting, a visit from the hospital chaplain or someone from my faith community.)

#### To complete this part:

Initial or check the box beside the statement you agree with.

After my death, these are some of my preferences:

#### 1. Donation of my organs or tissue (anatomical gifts)

Examples of organs are kidney, liver, heart, and lungs. Examples of tissue are eyes, skin, bones, and heart valves.



A. I do not wish to donate any part of my body.

B. After I die, I wish to donate any parts of my body that may help others.\*

C. After I die, I wish to donate **only** these organs and tissue:\*\_\_\_\_\_

\*If you checked B or C, register in your state at www.DonateLife.net to make your preferences legal.

#### 2. Autopsy preference

Initial or check one box OR both B and C.



A. I do not wish to have an autopsy.

- B. I would accept an autopsy if it can help my relatives and/or loved ones understand the cause of my death or if the findings may help them make their own health care choices.
- C. I would accept an autopsy if it can help advance medical knowledge or medical education.





## Part 4: Making the document legal

**In Wisconsin:** This document must be signed and dated **in the presence of two witnesses** who meet the qualifications explained below. A notary public cannot be used instead of the two witnesses.

In Minnesota or Iowa: This document must be signed and dated either in the presence of two witnesses who meet the qualifications explained below **OR** in the presence of a notary public.

#### My signature and date

I am of sound mind. I agree with everything written in this document. I have completed this document of my free will.

My signature \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

If I cannot sign my name, I ask (print name) \_\_\_\_\_\_ to sign for me.

Signature of the person I asked to sign for me

#### **Statement of witnesses**

A. By signing this document as a witness, I certify I am:

- At least 18 years old.
- Not related by blood, marriage, domestic partnership, or adoption to the person signing this document.
- Not a health care agent appointed by the person signing this document.
- Not directly financially responsible for this person's health care.
- Not a health care provider directly serving the person at this time.
- Not an employee of a health care provider directly serving the person at this time. In Wisconsin, social workers and chaplains may serve as witnesses even if employed by the health care provider.
- Not aware that I am entitled to or have a claim against the person's estate.
- B. I know this to be the person identified in the document. I believe this person to be of sound mind and at least 18 years old. I personally witnessed this person sign this document, and I believe that this person did so voluntarily.

#### Witness Number One:

Signature	Date
Print name	
Address	
City	
Witness Number Two: Signature	Date
Print name	
Address	
City	



#### DONATING YOUR BODY TO MEDICAL SCIENCE:

If you wish to donate your body after death to medical science, you should contact the closest medical school in your state and make arrangements through that medical school. Two in Wisconsin include:

University of Wisconsin-Madison Medical School: 608.262.2888

Medical College of Wisconsin - Milwaukee : 414.456 .8296

#### **DEFINITION OF TERMS:**

#### **Advance Care Planning:**

- · Planning ahead for future health care decisions
- If a sudden, unexpected event occurs (like a car accident or sudden illness)
- · You are suddenly unable to communicate and make you own health care decisions
- Others would need to make decisions for you

#### **Advance Directive:**

 A document in which a person states goals, values and beliefs about health care treatment decisions, including who should make those decisions, in the event that person can no longer make decisions for him/herself.

#### **Health Care Agent:**

 The person chosen by the patient to make health care decisions in the event the patient cannot make decisions for him/herself. A health care agent is named in the Power of Attorney for Health Care. Other equivalent terms include health care proxy, substitute decision maker, or surrogate decision maker, but health care agent is preferred.

#### Living Will:

• Written instruct ions that tell physicians and family members what life-sustaining treatment a person does, or does not want, if one becomes unable to make decisions at some point in the future.

#### **Legal Guardian:**

• A person appointed by a judge to make personal decisions for another person (called a ward) including consent to, or refusal of medical treatment.

#### Incapacity:

• The inability to receive and evaluate information effectively, or to communicate decisions to such an extent that the individual lacks the capacity to manage his or her health care decisions.



#### Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR):

 Life-saving procedures that include compression over the breast bone to maintain blood flow, electric shock to restart the heart, placing a breathing tube in the windpipe, so oxygen can be sent to the lungs. It also involves medicines to restore blood pressure.

#### **Do Not Resuscitate:**

Physician orders written so that CPR will not be used if a person's heart or breathing stops. DNR does
not mean "no care." Emergency personnel will make every effort to provide comfort measures, which
may include: oxygen, pain medication, clearing the airway and providing emotional support to the
patient and family.

#### **Feeding Tube:**

• A tube through which fluids or nutrition is administered through the vein, stomach, nose or mouth.

#### **Respirator / Ventilator:**

• A medical machine used to assist with breathing when a person cannot breathe independently.

#### Antibiotics:

• Medications used to treat infections.

#### Autopsy:

• A medical examination done after death in order to confirm or determine the cause of death.